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APPLICATION NO.	FIL	ING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/364,317	07/30/1999		REINER WAMSSER	10191/1145	9279
26646	7590	07/19/2002			
KENYON &		ON	EXAMINER		
ONE BROADWAY NEW YORK, NY 10004				MASKULINSKI, MICHAEL C	
				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
				2184	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

PTO-90C (Rev. 07-01)

of

		<u>u</u>
•	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	09/364,317	WAMSSER ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Michael C Maskulinski	2184
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with th	e correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repl - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status	I36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be by within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS for e, cause the application to become ABANDO	e timely filed days will be considered timely. rom the mailing date of this communication. DNED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>06.</u>	luna 2002	
	nis action is non-final.	
3) Since this application is in condition for allows		prosecution as to the merits is
closed in accordance with the practice under Disposition of Claims		
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-14</u> is/are pending in the application	١.	
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra	wn from consideration.	
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.		
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-14</u> is/are rejected.		
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.		
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.	
Application Papers		
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.	
10) \square The drawing(s) filed on $30 \text{ July } 1999$ is/are: a)	☑ accepted or b)☐ objected to by	the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to th		, ,
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on		proved by the Examiner.
If approved, corrected drawings are required in re	•	
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer.	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120		
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	n priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	∂(a)-(d) or (f).
a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:		
1.		
2. Certified copies of the priority document	• • •	
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bu * See the attached detailed Office action for a list 	reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	•
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domesti	ic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 11	9(e) (to a provisional application).
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language pro		
Attachment(s)		
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Inform	nary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) al Patent Application (PTO-152)

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTO-326 (Rev. 04-01)

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.

The changes made to 35 U.S.C. 102(e) by the American Inventors Protection Act of 1999 (AIPA) do not apply to the examination of this application as the application being examined was not (1) filed on or after November 29, 2000, or (2) voluntarily published under 35 U.S.C. 122(b). Therefore, this application is examined under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) prior to the amendment by the AIPA (pre-AIPA 35 U.S.C. 102(e)).

2. Claims 1, 2, 4-8, and 10-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Poisner, U.S. Patent 6,012,154.

Referring to claim 1:

a. In column 4, lines 14-26, Poisner discloses a processor, coupled to a host bus, for processing information (controller). In column 2, lines 31-52 and in Figure 2, Poisner discloses an operating system-related software agent running on a processor that is separate from the processor (the stored-program control being external to the safety device). Further, in column 4, lines 36-41, Poisner discloses an expansion bus bridge that couples the host bridge to an expansion

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bus (bus system). Devices (peripheral devices) coupled to the expansion bus include a display device, an alphanumeric input device, a BIOS read-only memory, and an information storage device for storing information including an operating system and applications.

b. In column 3, lines 32-40, Poisner discloses an interrupt handler stored in non-operating system memory space (memory with safety-relevant data stored on it).

Referring to claim 2, in column 4 lines 60-67 continued in column 5 lines 1-9, Poisner discloses a timer (monitor) which is periodically reset with the value stored in register (wake-up signal) by the software agent (stored-program control).

Referring to claims 4 and 10, in column 2, lines 31-52, Poisner discloses that if the timer does expire (function of wake-up signal), an interrupt is generated. The generated interrupt causes the processor to execute an interrupt handler. The interrupt handler attempts to investigate and cure any system malfunction that resulted in the timer expiring. One such interrupt it attempts to correct is Peripheral Component Interconnect interrupts. This involves data exchange with the expansion bus (bus system) and its inherent bus controller because the peripherals are connected to the expansion bus.

Referring to claims 5 and 11, in column 4, lines 36-41, Poisner discloses an alphanumeric input (control signal) connected to an expansion bus (interface), which is in turn connected to the host bus. In column 4, lines 14-26, Poisner discloses that the host bus is used for communicating information, such as instructions and data. Further,

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attached to the host bus are the processor (controller) and the software agent (stored-program control).

Referring to claim 6, in column 3, lines 32-40, Poisner discloses an interrupt handler (real-time controller) that is executed by the processor (controller) to investigate and cure malfunctions (see Poisner: column 1, lines 26-33). In order for the interrupt handler to investigate and cure software malfunctions, a data exchange must occur between the processor (controller) and the software agent (stored program control) via a host bus (bus system) (see Poisner, figure 2).

Referring to claims 7, 12, and 14, placing at least the controller, the memory, the monitor, and the interface of the safety device on a circuit board is inherent to a device with components such as memories, controllers, watchdog timers, and buses.

Referring to claim 8:

a. In column 4, lines 14-26, Poisner discloses a computer system (safety device) with a processor, coupled to a host bus, for processing information (controller). In column 2, lines 31-52 and in Figure 2, Poisner discloses an operating system-related software agent running on a processor that is separate from the processor (the stored-program control being external to the safety device). Further, in column 4, lines 36-41, Poisner discloses an expansion bus bridge that couples the host bridge to an expansion bus (bus system). Devices (peripheral devices) coupled to the expansion bus include a display device, an alphanumeric input device, a BIOS read-only memory, and an information

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storage device for storing information including an operating system and applications.

- b. In column 4 lines 60-67 continued in column 5 lines 1-9, Poisner discloses a timer (monitor) which is periodically reset with the value stored in register (wake-up signal) by the software agent (stored-program control).
 Referring to claim 13:
- a. In column 4, lines 14-26, Poisner discloses a computer system (safety device) with a processor, coupled to a host bus, for processing information (controller). In column 2, lines 31-52 and in Figure 2, Poisner discloses an operating system-related software agent running on a processor that is separate from the processor (the stored-program control being external to the safety device). Further, in column 4, lines 36-41, Poisner discloses an expansion bus bridge that couples the host bridge to an expansion bus (bus system). Devices (peripheral devices) coupled to the expansion bus include a display device, an alphanumeric input device, a BIOS read-only memory, and an information storage device for storing information including an operating system and applications.
- b. In column 4, lines 36-41, Poisner discloses an alphanumeric input (control signal) connected to an expansion bus (interface), which is in turn connected to the host bus. In column 4, lines 14-26, Poisner discloses that the host bus is used for communicating information, such as instructions and data. Further,

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attached to the host bus are the processor (controller) and the software agent (stored-program control).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 3 and 9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Poisner, U.S. Patent 6,012,154. In column 2, lines 2-9, Poisner discloses generating an interrupt when the timer runs out. This interrupt is handled by the interrupt handler, which is internal to the system. Poisner never explicitly discloses providing an output signal displaying the interrupt. The examiner takes official notice that in the art of error detecting and displaying it is well known in the art to display the error (operability) in the system (stored-program control). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill at the time of the invention to include an output signal displaying the interrupt into the system of Poisner. A person of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to make the modification because in column 4, lines 1-13, Poisner discloses that the steps of loading the timer, periodically resetting the timer during the boot process and while attempting to cure the malfunction, and performing a more complete system reset can be repeated any number of times. Each time the timer expires, more severe actions

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can be performed in order to attempt to cure the malfunction. The most severe action might include powering down and then powering up the system. This last action usually requires user interaction with the system, therefore there must be an output signal displaying the interrupt to the user.

Response to Arguments

5. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1, 8 and 13 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

6. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michael C Maskulinski whose telephone number is (703)

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308-6674. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Thu 7:30-5 and Fri. 7:30-4

(second Fri.).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Robert Beausoliel can be reached on (703) 305-9713. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 305-3718 for regular communications and (703) 305-3718 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-3900.

MM July 17, 2002

> SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINE TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2100

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